Oregonian. Morning

VOL. II. PORTLAND, OREGON: TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 4, 1862. NO. 1.

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK,

Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY OREGONIAN, OREGONIAN is published every morning, Sundays excepted, and furnished to subscribers in Portland for Twenty-five Cents per week, payable to the carrier. It will be forwarded to any part of the State by Mail at **$8 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $2 50 for three months.**

ADVERTISING—Five lines, nonpareil, per week $1 50; Each additional line 30 cents.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by mail to any part of the State at **$3** per annum, **$2** per six months, and **$1** for three months, payable in advance.

OFFICE—Front street, over A. R. Shipley & Co.'s Book Store.

E. D. SHATTUCK,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

Office in Starr's Building.

Front street, corner of Stark, Portland, Oregon.

May 7th, 1861.

WM. H. WATKINS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office on Front Street, between Washington and Alder,

jy1y'61 PORTLAND, OREGON.

BUCHTEL & CARDWELL'S

PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY,

FIRST STREET IN SHELBY'S BUILDING.

DOUGLASS W. WILLIAMS,

Real Estate Agent

HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE TO THE STORE OF ROBBINS, CHITTENDEN & CO., on Front street, opposite Vaughan's Wharf, and is prepared to attend to

PURCHASING AND SELLING REAL ESTATE,

RENTING HOUSES,

COLLECTING RENTS AND DEBTS,

MAKING DEEDS AND MORTGAGES, and

SEARCHING THE RECORDS FOR TITLES OF LAND, &c.

He also has Commissions from the Governors of the States of California and Washington Territory to take the acknowledgment and proof of the execution of Deeds, and Administers oaths to be used in said State and Territory.

Sept. 10, 1861 dtf

CHARLES H. BERGER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

STEAM CANDY MANUFACTURER,

No. 318 Kearny Street, between Sacramento and California,

SAN FRANCISCO.

STEAM FACTORY—Second st., bet. Minna and Natoma.

All Orders promptly attended to. Cartage Free to all parts of the City, wharfage excepted.

oct7-3m

HENRY LAW,

Commission Merchant

AND PRODUCE DEALER,

Next door to M. Mansfield's Auction House,

Front street, Portland.

FLOUR, FEED AND PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS CONstantly on hand and for sale.

Also, a complete assortment of EASTERN and OREGON WAGON TIMBER for sale.

Consignments of Produce solicited. feb1dtf

JAGGER & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES, LIQUORS AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

LEWISTON, W. T.

Sept. 9, 1861 dtf

Cowlitz Market.

FIRST STREET,

Next Door to R. Pittock & Co.'s, Portland, Oregon.

CATLIN & FOWLER.....Proprietors.

THE Proprietors most respectfully announce to the citizens of Portland, and the people generally, that they will constantly keep at their market the very best and choicest quality of

Beef, Pork, Mutton and Veal,

and every variety of

VEGETABLES.

Cash paid for Butter, Lard, Eggs, Chickens, Turkeys, &c.

By strict attention to business and fair dealing we hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public trade.

nov19tf SETH CATLIN, Jr., JESSE FOWLER.

Removal.

CITY MARKET!

First st., between Morrison and Yamhill,

J. & I. BERGMANN, PROPRIETORS,

HAVE REMOVED TO THE NEW AND commodious building near the old stand, where his old customers will find the choicest Meats of all kinds, such as FRESH BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, VEAL, SALT MEATS, &c.

GIVE HIM A CALL

Portland, June 15, 1861. dtf

DUFUR'S

Premium Cheese

IS ONLY FOR SALE IN THIS CITY BY

R. PITTOCK & CO.,

Corner First and Morrison streets,

And Front street, opp. Lower Steamship Landing.

The cheese which received the premium at the late State Fair, is now for sale as above.

Portland, Oct. 9, 1861 dtf

Ship Chandlery for Sale.

PURCHASE BLOCKS, &c.,

TAR, PITCH and SMALL ANCHORS.

Also, LIME, CEMENT, and CALCINED PLASTER.

Between Second and Third sts., on Taylor Opposite M. E. Church, by

June 3, 1861. B. F. SMITH.

GO TO BUCHTEL & CARDWELL

For a Picture

WHILE THE WEATHER IS FINE

How Virginia was Carried Out.

The Richmond *Enquirer*, says the Baltimore *Patriot*, publishes, for the first time, an official report of the Virginia State Convention last Spring. It is full of interesting developments, we are told, and we wait with some impatience to read the history and hope they may not be garbled by the authorities there. The chief instruments in the villainy, to force the convention to measures, are well known to have been *slave dealers*—men who wield a large amount of money, and are very numerous in Richmond, and whose regular business is to buy up surplus slaves for the supply of the cotton States. When the latter seceded, there was a law passed putting a tax of $100 upon every slave brought in for sale from a State outside of the then Confederacy; this was done to operate upon the Border Slave States, *from* whence all such supplies were derived, and hence the importance to the class alluded to of taking Virginia out by *any means*, some of which may be gathered from the following statement made by a member of the Convention which passed an ordinance for the secession of Virginia, himself a Union man:

"When the Convention assembled, the Richmond secession mob were enraged to find that a clear majority was for the Union. They counted the members and calculated that if the Union men could be kept away, they (the secessionists) would be in a majority. Accordingly ten members (one of whom makes this statement), were waited upon and were informed that they were given the choice of doing one of three things—either to vote for the secession ordinance, to absent themselves or be hanged. Resistance was found to be useless; the mob was prepared to go any extremity, and the ten yielded and absented themselves. But even with this deduction, when the remaining members met the majority was found to be opposed to secession. Intimidation and violence were then again applied; the mob was ready to put every man to death who opposed its will, and thus the force of passing an ordinance was gone through with, though it was never passed by a majority, but by a mere plurality, obtained by forcibly keeping away Union men enough to have turned the scale.

"Thus by fraud and violence, was carried that measure which is converting part of the State into waste; it was passed in fact, not by delegates of the State, but by the stipendiaries and assassins in the employ of the chief conspirators. For obvious reasons, no names are here given, but the statement is perfectly reliable. Some such course was attempted also in Maryland, the particulars of which we have from good authority, and of which we may hereafter speak more fully."

COTTON IN ILLINOIS.—A letter from the West states that several farmers in Southern Illinois have engaged in the business of cotton raising this season:

One farmer in Christian county, on the line of the Illinois Central Railroad, planted ten acres this year, and although it was planted so late that but one picking could be had, yet the average product was 300 pounds per acre. This at present prices is doubly profitable to the raising of wheat or corn.—This experiment has so encouraged the producer experimenter that he proposes to enter largely into cotton raising another season—even to the extent of 2,000 acres. Other parties in that and the neighboring counties are preparing to make this their principal business another year. Buildings and machinery are to be erected for ginning and baling. The Tennessee upland variety is raised. One resident, of twenty-seven years standing, says he has raised cotton every season without a single failure, which is more than can be said of wheat or corn.

To Merchants and Shippers.

PORTAGE AT ORECON CITY.

THE MERCHANTS AND SHIPPERS of the Willamette Valley are notified that

BARSTOW & FRAZER

are now prepared with plenty of teams and careful drivers to pass freight over the Portage between Oregon City and Canemah as fast as can be expected.

One of us will be at all times at each end of the route, to attend to the forwarding of the freight, so as to prevent any unnecessary delay.

Oregon City, Oregon, Jan. 1, 1862.

[Eugene City, Corvallis, Albany and Salem papers copy.]

DR. J. C. GLENN,

DENTIST,

CAN NOW BE FOUND AT HIS OFFICE IN Portland, fully prepared with a large assortment of superior Dental Materials, just received from New York, to perform all the operations in dental line which he may be called on to perform at reasonable rates.

Jan. 9, 1862 dtf

20 BBLS. PURE OREGON CIDER.

For sale in quantities to suit, by

KNAPP, BURRELL & CO.

500 PACKAGES ASSORTED SPICES.

In store and for sale by

HARKER BROTHERS.

FOR NEZ PERCES MINES!

THE OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.'S STEAMERS

Will run from COLUMBIA RIVER as follows, (connecting with the Steamer

THE PACKER

JULIA,

WOLF.....Commander,

Will leave PORTLAND every

Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

at 6 A. M., connecting with the Steamer

IDAHO,

MONCLEY.....Commander,

At the CASCADES

For DALLES CITY,

At 12 o'clock noon.

NEW STEAMER

TENINO,

WHITE.....Commander,

Will leave DESCHUTES for

WALLULA,

EVERY TUESDAY,

Returning leaves Wallula every Thursday, at 6 A. M.

Passage from Portland to Dalles.....$8 00

Portage at Cascades extra.

Animals, from Portland to Dalles.....5 00

Passage from Deschutes to Wallula.....15 00

NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MEALS.

J. CAINSWORTH,

Aug. 25, 1861 tf Pres't O. S. N. Co.

THE EMPIRE RESTAURANT AND HOTEL,

CORNER OF FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS,

THOS. S. FITZGERALD, Proprietor.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT having recently been refitted, offers the advantage of obtaining Meals at all hours either, at table or according to the time-table of the Steamers, and is conveniently to the business portion of the community.

It will be the constant aim of the Proprietor to deserve a portion of the public patronage by offering the choicest food and cleanliness, and by catering to those who call the best meals procurable in this market.

The EMPIRE will be open from 5 o'clock in the morning to 12 midnight.

RATE OF CHARGES AT THE EMPIRE.

Board per week.....$6 00

Board and Lodging per week.....7 50 and 8 00

Single meals.....50

Board per day.....1 00

Board and Lodging.....1 50

N.B. Attached to the Restaurant are a few Private Rooms where Ladies and Gents can have meals prepared at any hour.

Portland, Nov. 1, 1861 dtf

CITY BAKERY

AND

PROVISION STORE

ROBERT PITTOCK.....TOBIAS MYERS

R. PITTOCK & CO.,

Corner of First and Morrison Sts.,

AND FRONT ST. OPP. LOWER STEAMSHIP LANDING

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MANUFACTURERS OF

BREAD,

Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda

CRACKERS,

PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c.,

and dealers in

STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,

FAMILY GROCERIES,

FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.

Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.

The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE. 1-1tf

Blacksmithing in General.

JOHN M. MCBLE.....J. D. LETTS.

MARBLE & LETTS,

(Successors to D. C. Ingles.)

INFORM THE PUBLIC that they are now prepared to accommodate all the old customers of Mr. Ingles, and they hope many new ones who may see fit to favor them with their work, at short notice.

They will stop all work to attend to

Shoeing Horses.

Plows made to order, and always an assortment on hand, and they will give a written guarantee that they shall perform well, and in failure of which they will pay the purchase money back.

Those indebted to us are requested to come and settle, as we are always ready. Come along with your cash. It is good to pay old debts, and it is good to make bargains for new work.

Yamhill street, corner of Second.

Portland, Feb. 4, 1861.

Ambrotypes, &c.

D. H. HENDEE, Artist,

In the Rooms in the same Building with J. H. Mitchell, Esq., Dr. Glenn, and Prof. Spdiak,

FRONT STREET, PORTLAND,

WILL TAKE PICTURES ON PAPER, GILLOTYPE and Iron, put up in Lockets, Rings, Pins and a large variety of Good Style Cases, of a much lower price than ever sold in Portland.

The best time for taking pictures of children is between 10 A. M. and 1 P. M. oct23dtf

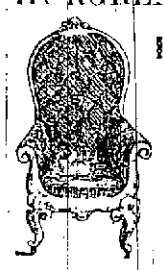
GO TO

BUCHTEL & CARDWELL'S

FOR A

Photograph!

HURGREN & SHINDLER,



First st., Cor. Salmon,

PORTLAND,

DEALERS

AND

MANUFACTURERS

OF

FURNITURE AND BEDDING,

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING LARGE ADDITIONS TO our Stock, consisting of—

Elegant Styles of

PARLOR & BEDROOM SETS,

DINING ROOM AND

Common Household Furniture,

In Great Variety.

GILT, ROSEWOOD, and MAHOGANY-FRAMED

Looking-Glasses

GILT MOULDINGS, from 2½ to 4½ inches.

Upholstery Goods!

PLUSH, HAIR CLOTH, GIMP,

Pulu, Hair, Moss, Feathers, Wool,

OAT STRAW, for beds for sale.

Spanish Cedar,

Black Walnut and

St. Domingo Mahogany Lumber,

Veneers, Glue,

Iron Bedfastenings.

GOODS OF ALL KINDS ON HAND, packed in case for shipping.

PULU IN BALES, from 25 to 100 lbs.

Every description of

FURNITURE MADE TO ORDER.

Upholstery Done

in the most thorough manner.

SPRING BEDS

of the most improved kind always on hand.

oct24tf First street, corner of Salmon.

"THE ONE THAT."

Front street, corner of Alder,

J. BOTHWELL.....Proprietor.

THIS Saloon is newly built and fitted up expressly for the business, with new and tasteful apartments. The bar will be found always stocked with the choicest

Wines, Liquors and Cigars

to be found in the city, and dispensed in approved style.

Having long been a resident of Portland, and consequently well known, the proprietor deems "flubdubbin" comment unnecessary, and only asks the patronage of the public on the merits of the house. Call around, one and all.

Portland, Dec. 18th 1861.

"Patronize Home Industry."

KEEP THE MONEY IN THE STATE!

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE CONTINUALLY MANufacturing and have constantly on hand a superior article of

WHISKEY,

MANUFACTURED ENTIRELY FROM WHEAT, which they can warrant not to be surpassed by any article imported to the State.

If the People of Oregon MUST AND WILL HAVE WHISKEY, let them buy

STARR'S PURE UNADULTERATED

WHITE WHISKEY.

A. M. & L. M. STARR,

Corner of Stark and Front streets,

feb1dtf Portland, Oregon.

LOVE AND FUN!!

REMEMBER

The 14th of February!

THE NEWEST STYLE OF

SENTIMENTAL AND COMIC

VALENTINES!

Can be had at the

FRANKLIN BOOK STORE,

jan21 Front street, Portland.

Removal.

JOHN R. FOSTER has removed his stock of HARDWARE to his

Old Stand on Front street,

opposite the New Wharf Oregon of Steam Navigation Co.

25 SACKS RIO COFFEE for sale by

ROBBINS, CHITTENDEN & CO.

Iron and Iron.

The cheese which received the premium at the late State Fair, is now for sale as above.

Portland, Oct. 9, 1861 dtf

For a Picture

WHILE THE WEATHER IS FINE!

LANGUAGE OF FLOWERS; Moore's Melodies, from Tinker, &c.

CHARLES BARRETT'S

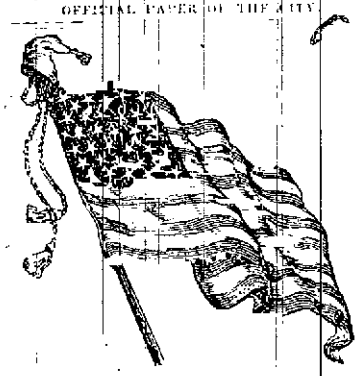
Opposite Pioneer Hall.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Daily Oregonian.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.



No flag but the Old Flag—the Red, White and Blue.
With the stars of a Union unbroken and true!
Arise and defend it! Ye sons of the brave,
Whose blood bought the banner your valor must save

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 4, 1862.

We have to-day entered upon the second year of the publication of the DAILY OREGONIAN. What was once regarded as an enterprise of doubtful success, has become a certain institution. It has received a fair support. Under all the circumstances of the times, we ought to be satisfied. Our subscription exceeds that of either of our competitors.

We had designed, on the commencement of the second year, to have increased the size and the reading matter of the DAILY OREGONIAN. The inclemency of winter—the failure of the steamers to arrive in this port—have prevented the accomplishment of this design. We shall do so hereafter.

The business and the population of our city must be speedily and rapidly increased. We look forward to a largely increased patronage—and hope all our friends will lend a helping hand to enable us to realize our hopes.

With the pledge on our part, that our most earnest efforts will be given to make this paper a worthy representative of the commercial, mercantile and other business of this city—and to make it a welcome morning visitant to its inhabitants, we enter upon our duties for another year.

The News.

The news is important and satisfactory.—No movement had been made on the Potomac, but from different sources we learn that the rebel troops are demoralized to a great extent. It is the policy of our government to keep the main strength of the enemy where it can be taken care of. Gen. Stevens is doing a good business in the neighborhood of Charleston. Gen. Butler is now at Ship Island with a large force of troops and ships. This commands the entrance into Lake Ponchartrain—by which they can advance on New Orleans. There has been no battle in Kentucky, but it looks as if the rebels were gradually yielding, and it is said that an army is in preparation to push for Nashville. The Texans, apprehensive that Galveston will fall into the hands of Union forces, are talking of burning it. A party is rising in the North demanding a more rapid advance of the Union forces, to crush out the rebellion.

ANOTHER FLOOD AT SACRAMENTO.—This ill-fated city has again been submerged. The San Francisco *Mirror* of the 17th states that rain had fallen uninterruptedly there for the forty hours previous, and indications were that the present would be a greater rise than the last. Accounts from the inundated valleys were heart-rending. Sacramento is the centre of a vast sea of desolation, bearing upon its bosom the wrecks of a thousand homes and fortunes. Everything possible was being done to relieve the suffering. No attempt was made to save stock. Letters from Marysville say that the rains were pouring down, and should they continue four hours a more destructive flood than the last was inevitable. We apprehend that we shall hear the most awful accounts of destruction upon the American and Sacramento rivers.

SENATOR STARK.—Mr. Nesmith presented his credentials in the Senate on the 6th. Papers showing his disloyalty were also presented. After some discussion, the credentials and papers were laid on the table. Our Congressional dates are to the 10th, at which time it does not appear that further action was taken upon the case.

GREAT FIRE IN SAN FRANCISCO.—On Saturday morning a fire broke out on the corner of Montgomery and Pacific streets, consuming several buildings and destroying several lives and greatly injuring others. The remains of three were found in the burnt buildings.

THANKS.—We are indebted to Wells, Fargo & Co. for a complete file of papers.

ARRIVAL OF THE CORTES.

Eastern Dates to January 10th.

San Francisco Dates to January 17th.

More Firing at Fort Pickens.

Charleston Invested.

Return of Released Prisoners.

Fighting on the Potomac.

Advance to be made on Nashville

Jim Lane with 30,000 Men to carry the War down South from the West.

Congressional Proceedings.

&c., &c., &c.

QUINCY, Ill., Jan. 4th.—Dispatches from New York say that the Spanish squadron took possession of San Juan de Ulloa on the 16th December. Vera Cruz was evacuated without firing a gun.

Havana letters say Santa Anna and Miramon are both to go to Mexico.

The General commanding, on landing, issued a proclamation to the people to the effect that the troops came only to demand satisfaction for failure of treaties and violence committed against their compatriots, and to obtain guarantees against similar outrages.

Carl Schurz, Minister to Spain, has resigned, to take command in the army.

Gen. McClellan is recovering, and now considered out of danger.

HALIFAX, Jan. 3.—Rumors are current in this city, not traceable however to any reliable source, of the loss of the steamship Canada on the St. Lawrence, with eleven hundred troops on board.

The steamship Bohemian, with British troops on board, passed Cape Race this morning.

The Washington rumors current in the newspapers that further trouble may be expected with England arising out of our blockade of Charleston and Savannah with stone hulks, are entirely without foundation.

The New York *Herald's* Washington correspondent says it is not probable that there will be a favorable report from the Committee on Gurley's Confiscation Bill, members being generally opposed to it. The Committee will probably prepare a bill predicated upon suggestions contained in the President's Message.

The Committee also favor the removing of the restriction limiting the President to the call for five hundred thousand volunteers, and propose authorizing him to bring into service whatever troops the commanding General of War Department may require.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* says orders are given for movements by way of Occoquan: also, that Burnsides will advance up the Rappahannock. The Government is preparing for a new naval expedition. Gunboats are concentrating large numbers of armed launches, and practicing in the work of assisting in landing troops. Ten thousand men could be spared from Hilton Head to operate against Charleston or Savannah.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—It is supposed that the source whence the rebels obtained information has been ascertained.

QUINCY, Jan. 4.—No battle had taken place between Buell's army and the rebels in Kentucky. There must be a decisive battle or a rapid retreat.

The Nashville *Courier* says that there was a battle between bodies of cavalry at Sacramento, on Green river, in which 50 Unionists were killed; and that the Unionists fled.

Wm. N. Brown, formerly editor of the N. Y. *Journal of Commerce*, is acting Secretary of the Confederate Confederate government at Richmond. It is said that R. T. M. Hunter and Breckinridge have sailed for Europe.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Six rebel prisoners were taken to-day, and their information is of the highest value. The rebels are expecting an advance on their lines, and are more than ever demoralized. Gen. Wise, it is said, will return to Western Virginia, or take command at Frederick.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 4.—There is prospect of an immediate engagement in Kentucky.

The Kentucky Banks in possession of rebels have been consolidated for their benefit.

QUINCY, Jan. 4.—The steamship *George Washington* received from the rebel steamer *Northampton*, in James river, 240 prisoners taken at Bull's Run. They stepped on board as their names were called—a happy set of fellows. Cheer after cheer arose, as the band played "Sweet Home."

Hon. Alfred Ely has had a splendid reception at Rochester.

The powder mill opposite New Orleans, exploded on the 27th December—the work of an incendiary.

Washington, Jan. 3.—A petition was presented in the Senate from New York for the emancipation of slaves under the war power.

Latham asked for a line of steamers to China.

Nesmith offered a resolution calling for reports from Sugeon-general and the Sanitary committee of the army—adopted.

QUINCY, Jan. 4.—There has been more firing from Pickens, which was not returned.

An Augusta dispatch says that the federals were defeated in an attempt to advance from Fort Royal, by the 14th S. C. volunteers.

Gen. Lee has informed Jeff. Davis that he can defend Savannah and Charleston.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 4.—A deserter from rebel army says they are utterly demoralized.—Drills have ceased; men spend their time playing cards; high prices are offered for substitutes. Those who would enlist are discouraged from the condition of the army.

The Union prisoners at Charleston, including Col. Corcoran, have been sent to Columbia.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Phœnix is busily buying money among the banks to-day; but they encourage the circulation of Treasury notes.

The Charleston *Mercury* says that a large union force have seized Robertsville and the railroad station on the Savannah and Charleston railroad.

Sixteen war ships are reported at Ship Island, near entrance of Lake Ponchartrain.

A destructive fire has occurred at Richmond, destroying other valuable buildings, &c.

The 79th reg. volunteers left for Key West in steamship *Illinois* this afternoon.

Gen. Burnside's ——— in expedition remains a mystery.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 4.—A Richmond dispatch says, Gen. Butler is at Ship Island. He may have possession of Biloxi and Pascagoula in consequence of all the forts in the bay being abandoned. He has 7,000 troops. They will be reinforced to push forward to Mobile.

It is asserted positively by returned prisoners that the Union sentiment is strong in Richmond.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 4.—We learn through reliable sources that on the 1st, as a Confederate steamer was from the Navy Yard to Pensacola, she was fired upon from Fort Pickens.

Bragg immediately opened his batteries upon Fort Pickens, and the cannonading was kept up all day. Nothing decisive is reported as having resulted from the firing.

The English fleet, composing a portion of the disputed fleet, are expected to occupy Matamoras, in which case the rebels will have open communication with the sea by way of Brownsville.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 5.—The Galveston (Texas) *Civilian* of Dec. 26th says that a Federal steamer was engaged in blockading the Rio Grande. The same paper states also that a fight was progressing in Matamoras. Doubtless between Carvajal's forces and troops of the Mexican Government.

The people in the city of Galveston were all armed. The city was about to be destroyed by the Secessionists to obviate the great danger of its being taken by the federal fleet.

HALIFAX, Jan. 5.—Liverpool papers are to the 25th Dec. They were still discussing the Trent affair in a hopeful view that the rebel Commissioners will be given up, and war be thus avoided.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 6.—On the 1st of January, Gen. Stevens' Brigade, from Port Royal, advanced on the main land, toward Charleston. The force captured several rebel batteries after a short resistance.

The rebels sent a flag of truce to General Stevens, asking permission to bury their dead, which was granted.

At last accounts Gen. Stevens was within six miles of Charleston, and held the land approaches to that city.

The loss of the rebels in the affair is unknown; that of the Federals was small.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 6.—A report is here that a battle is progressing on the Potomac. [Not true.]

The rebels at Columbus have sunk torpedoes in the river to blow up our steamboats; and stretched chains across the river.

Remnants of a wreck have been picked up at Cape Breton, supposed to be of the steamer *Australian*, loaded with British soldiers.

Preparations are making for an immediate move of Federal forces from Cairo on Nashville, Tennessee.

The resignation of Sigel creates much excitement, and most German officers resign.

CHICAGO, Jan. 7.—The telegraph line is completed to Omaha, the terminus of the Pacific Telegraph.

Gen. Milroy has routed the rebels in Western Virginia, killing large numbers, and taking four stores.

QUINCY, Jan. 7.—Steamship *Vanderbilt* arrived at New York yesterday from Port Royal, and brought 3,697 bales of cotton.

Gen. McClellan, who has been sick, has nearly recovered.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Nesmith presented the credentials of Stark, of Oregon.

Fessenden of Maine moved that the administration of the oath be suspended for the present, and the credentials and other papers be referred to the Judiciary Committee.

A discussion arose as to the propriety of the motion, which was participated in by Bright of Indiana, Fessenden, Bayard, Wilson and Trumbull.

The credentials of Stark and papers showing his disloyalty were laid on the table.

Wilson, of Massachusetts, presented a petition from citizens of Pennsylvania, asking that John C. Fremont be appointed Lieut.-General.

In the House, Conkling, of New York called up a resolution of inquiry into the Ball's Bluff disaster. He characterized the Ball's Bluff disaster as the most atrocious military murder ever committed in history.

In the Senate, Jan. 7th, Pomeroy and Chandler presented petitions for the emancipation of slaves.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—The Catholic Bishop of Nashville has arrived in New York. He says drafting in Tennessee has proved a failure. If Bowling Green falls, Nashville will be destroyed.

Gen. Shields is in Washington.

The Ways and Means Committee in Congress had recommended the issuing of $1,000,000 in Treasury notes not bearing interest. All schemes of emancipation referred to Judiciary Committee.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—Gen. Schuyler Hamilton commands at St. Louis.

The New York Legislature is in session. Government recommends that New York's proportion of national tax be assumed. The number of New York troops in the field is 89,234. The number ready to go, 145,000.

In the Senate, yesterday, Gen. Lane Kansas, said the greatest trouble was to separate stupid officers from those who had brains.

Mr. Doolittle thought the best form that could be introduced was to see that promotions came up by merits of the army.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9, a. m.—An official report has been received at Washington from Gen. Sherman, in command of the Federal troops in South Carolina, in relation to Gen. Stevens, formerly Governor of Washington Territory, at Port Royal Ferry. The latter force, one week to make a reconnoissance, [illegible] Battalions, [illegible] Mississippi troops, [illegible] Island, [illegible] Federal troops are now in [illegible] which Stevens [illegible].

Several more fires have occurred in Charleston. Fires have also broken out at Norfolk and Richmond. They were supposed to have been started by incendiaries.

Hamilton, formerly United States Senator from Texas, is dead.

At a general Cabinet meeting held on Monday night, the 6th, Commissioners from the War were present, and urged the necessity of a forward movement. While a Democrat used strong language, three of every war like Montgomery Blair is not very much so.

Parson Brownlow, who was released from prison at Knoxville, Tennessee, recently, on a *writ of privilege*, has again been arrested.

The railroads through Missouri have been repaired, and the California mails will be more regular.

A large party is being built up in the Northern States, which will demand an immediate advance of our army, and more effective steps to crush out the rebellion. The President entertains the same sentiments, and has recently appointed Gen. Lane to lead an army of 30,000 into the enemy's country, as an indication of what he intends to do.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—A special dispatch to the St. Louis *Democrat* from Cairo, says that 25,000 troops are on the way to that city from different points, and as they arrive, a column of 60,000 or 70,000 will march to Paducah, under Gen. Grant. The destination of the force is to be Nashville, where, if a junction can be formed with Buell, now in command in Kentucky, the entire army will proceed to New Orleans.

Gen. Fremont's investigation has commenced at Washington. His friends express strong hopes that he will be able to clear himself of all the charges that have been brought against him.

Treasury notes in Washington are at four per cent. discount. Exchange on New York is one half cent.

There was great excitement in the St. Louis Chamber of Commerce yesterday, occasioned by the election of officer, which resulted in the disruption of the Chamber. The trouble arose from secession members refusing to vote for the admission of Union members.

Two hundred prisoners, released from Richmond, arrived at Washington yesterday, and were paid off.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9th.—Hale presented a petition in the Senate, today, from citizens of Pennsylvania, asking that a statute be enacted, punishing those defrauding the Government. Hale also introduced a bill for punishing frauds on the Treasury.

Jan. 10th.—The feature yesterday was the speech of Senator Sumner sustaining the Administration in the surrender of Mason and Slidell, and showing clearly that it was in pursuance of the policy maintained by the Government from its inception to the present time. All the foreign legations were present except Lord Lyons.

Senator Sherman's retrenchment bill, introduced yesterday, reduces the salaries of all clerks in the capital in Government employ, but in no way affects the Representatives or Senators except to reduce the mileage ten cents per mile.

NEW TO-DAY.

PORTLAND

Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting

ESTABLISHMENT,

First street,

OPPOSITE MANSFIELD'S AUCTION HOUSE.

ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY RECEIVING FROM the East—

Cooking Ranges,

Hot Water Boilers,

COPPER, TIN AND PLANISHED

Bath Tubs,

Square and Angular Black Walnut Counter-Sunk

MARBLE-TOP WASH STANDS

COLD AND HOT AND COLD

Water Showers,

SILVER-PLATED BASIN COCKS.

Marble Wash-Basins,

FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS,

Hydraulic Ram,

Non-Freezing Hydrants,

Water Closets,

&c., &c., &c.

☞ Persons wishing to introduce Cold and Hot and Cold Water into their premises, either plain or ornamental, would do well to give me a call.

C. H. MYERS.

Portland, Jan. 3, 1862.

Hogs Wanted!

WE WILL PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE in CASH for Fat Hogs.

CATLIN & FOWLER.
Cowlitz Market, First street,
Next door south of H. Pittock & Co.

Dec. 7, dawtf

The Daily Oregonian.

Swett's Grape Bitters, or Restorative

The Medical and Surgical Institute

HODGE & CALEF,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS,

WINDOW-GLASS,

WHITE LEAD, VARNISHES,

Brushes, Painters' Materials, &c.

ALSO

CHEMICAL KEROSENE COAL OIL

—AND—

Coal Oil Lamps.

WE HAVE NOW IN STORE LARGE INVOICES OF

Best of Goods at VERY LOW RATES.

HODGE & CALEF,

Oct 10 1861

FINE GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

WE ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF A FINE ASSORTMENT

Gold and Silver Watches,
Jewelry,
Diamond Work,
Silver Ware,
Cutlery, &c.

Citizens of Oregon would **SAVE MONEY** by giving us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Old Pioneer Jewelry Store

and purchasing GOOD ARTICLES AT FAIR PRICES as

WE WARRANT ALL OUR GOODS

as represented and we keep on hand the best quality of Goods to be obtained and we sell at reasonable prices, so that our customers cannot complain.

Remember! **JOHN AGRELL,**

At the Old Established Jewelry Store of G. COLLIER ROBBINS

dec30w1

North End Steam Saw Mills.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING LEASED THE STEAM Saw Mill known as

WM. COLLINS & CO.'S STEAM SAW MILLS,

At the North end of this City are now prepared to furnish all kinds of

FIR AND CEDAR LUMBER,

Dressed or undressed

TONGUE AND GROOVED FLOORING,

CEILING,

Pickets, Laths, &c.

We will also furnish **Cargo Lumber** on the shortest notice

The business will be conducted entirely on the CASH PRINCIPLE

OFFICE AT THE MILL or with

MASTEN & HILL on the Levee

No 100 Corner First and Taylor streets

HARBAUGH & STITZEL.

Portland May 1st 1861 dtf

THE EMPIRE RESTAURANT AND HOTEL,

Dalles City, Oregon.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING LATELY OPENED the above establishment desires to inform his friends, and especially **those bound to Salmon river,** or any others passing through this mining region, that he is now prepared to supply them with every delicacy which the markets afford.

His constant strict attention to cleanliness and the wishes of his customers to secure a continuance of their favors.

Meals served at all hours.

THOMAS SMITH Proprietor

Nov 19 1861 13m

FIRST OF THE SEASON!

Choice Canvass Back Ducks,

FOR SALE AT

Clark's Variety Market,

First street.

nov19dtf

WANTED.

COUNTY ORDERS taken in exchange for Goods at PLAIR, by

dec9tf A. D. SHELBY

LADD, WEBSTER & CO.'S FAMILY SEWING MACHINES

BEAUTY AND SIMPLICITY OF CONSTRUCTION

Efficiency in Working.

A GOOD SEWING MACHINE

COY, WILLETT & CO.,

HURGREN & SHINDLER

REMOVAL.

W. WEATHERFORD,

Wholesale

AND

Retail

DRUGGIST,

Has Removed his

Extensive Stock

OF

DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,

PAINTS,

OILS, &c.,

TO HIS LARGE AND

Commodious Fire-Proof Building,

FRONT STREET,

Between Taylor and Yamhill streets,

Where he will continue

The DRUG TRADE

on a more extensive scale. Purchasing my stock from

Eastern Dealers and Manufacturers,

and having a

Resident Agent in New York,

I can offer

Superior Facilties,

to the Trade.

Thankful for the liberal patronage of the past five years I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, assuring those who entrust their Orders with me that

NOTHING SHALL BE WANTING

TO GIVE

General Satisfaction

IN

Prices and Quality of Goods.

W. WEATHERFORD.

Portland Dec 10 1861 dtsf

H. W. EDDY & CO.'S

"STANDARD MILLS FLOUR,"

—THE—

Best Article in Market,

FOR SALE, IN LOTS TO SUIT, by

HENRY LAW.

Wholesale

J. G. FRISCH & CO.,

Wines, Liquors, Cordials, &c.,

413 Clay street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

DR. HUFELAND'S

CELEBRATED

SWISS STOMACH BITTERS.

New Store! New Goods!

J. HAAS & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

SHOEMAKERS'S TOOLS,

AND FINDINGS,

Front street, near Alder.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED PER LATE ARRIVALS

LADIES MISSES & CHILDRENS

Sewed Congress Gaiters, Shoes,

Balmorals, all entirely new styles

Slippers, Buskins, &c.

MENS AND BOYS

Calf, kip, Ingrain & Rubber Boots.

Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

BENKERT'S Celebrated City made SEWED DRESS BOOTS always on hand

Parties fitting out for the Mines

will do well to call at the above stock of

NAILED AND RUBBER BOOTS.

Our stock of SHOEMAKERS TOOLS and FINDINGS is complete and we invite purchasers to call and see them.

Please give us a call.

J. HAAS & CO.

JACOB COHEN,

Front Street,

One Door South of Alder Street,

PORTLAND OREGON

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

FINE WATCHES,

JEWELRY,

SOLID SILVER AND PLATED WARE

CLOCKS,

SPECTACLES, CUTLERY, &C.

All Goods sold by me are strictly warranted to be as represented

Watch Repairing.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing of Fine Watches Clocks Jewelry &c

Having devoted many years to this branch of the business I am confident of giving satisfaction

All work warranted

Engraving of all Kinds

Executed with Neatness and Dispatch.

aug 23 JACOB COHEN

EVERY MAN TO HIS TRADE.

HAVING MADE A PERMANENT ENGAGEMENT with a Practical

Pattern-Maker,

One who has served a regular apprenticeship at the business I will furnish all ordinary Patterns **without Charge.**

Free of Charge or Cost.

I have the largest Stock of Patterns of all varieties on the coast

CASTINGS furnished on shortest notice.

Also a large quantity of **BABBITT'S METAL** always on hand.

aug28dtf DAVID MONNASTES

EDWARD A. MORSE & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Doors, Windows and Blinds,

WOULD INFORM THE TRADE in Oregon and Washington Territory that they have opened a new establishment for the sale of DOORS WINDOWS and BLINDS of every description.

One of the partners residing in Boston (who has shipped the above Goods to this market since 1849) enables us to keep a thorough and extensive assortment, which we shall sell at as low prices as any in this market.

Parties sending their orders by letter can rely on having the same attended to as if ordered in person. Orders by letter or otherwise will be promptly and faithfully filled.

We also attend to the buying and selling of other merchandise.

EDWARD A. MORSE & CO.

111 and 113 California st and 114 and 116 Market st San Francisco

And JOHN HALL 177 Blackstone st Boston

Jan 4 1862 lawdm

BUCHTEL & CARDWELL'S

PICTURES ARE THE BEST IN OREGON.

MILLER & KUEHN,

PRACTICAL WATCH-MAKERS,

and Jewelers,

Corner of First and Alder Streets,

PORTLAND OREGON

MILLER & KUEHN wish to respectfully inform the citizens of Portland Oregon and Washington Territory that they have associated themselves in the above business with a very select assortment of

Fine Gold and Silver Watches,
Diamonds, Jewelry,
Silver and Plated Ware, and
Clocks of all styles,

Which we offer to sell lower than any other house.

Fine Watches Chronometers and Clocks will be

Repaired with the Utmost Care

and promptness, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.

Solid Jewelry manufactured in the best and latest styles

Engraving Executed with neatness and dispatch

All our work warranted for one year.

J. B. MILLER
C. F. KUEHN

Portland Jan 13, 186.

HARKER BROS.,

Agents for

MESSRS. KIEL & CO.'S

Buckskin Gloves,

MITTENS AND GAUNTLETS,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER TO THE MERchants and consumers of Oregon California and Washington Territory all the different styles and qualities of that celebrated manufacture. The materials of the above articles having been tanned in Fish Oil, rendering it very pliable to the hand, and almost

WATER-PROOF,

and the same articles manufactured in Missouri having

TAKEN A PREMIUM

at most of the States Fairs and the World's Fair in New York over all competition we can with confidence recommend them as the very best article of the kind manufactured in the United States.

PERSONS GOING TO THE MINES and all others desiring durable articles, should not fail to supply themselves with these PREMIUM GLOVES, and thereby show a discrimination to

Encourage our Oregon Manufacture.

ja20 HARKER BROTHERS

and Iron.

The cheese which received the premium at the late State Fair, is now for sale as above

Portland, Oct 9, 1861 dtf

For a Picture

WHILE THE WEATHER IS FINE!

LANGUAGE OF FLOWERS, Moore's Melodies, Tom Hiller, at CHARLES BARRETT'S, Opposite Pioneer Hotel.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Austin Smith and Calhoun Benham.

Scene—Fort Lafayette.—Smith enters picking his teeth with a codfish bone. "Hallo, Benham, is that the man-of-war you have the glorious Yankees nabbed you in?"

Benham—"Yes, sir, that's the way we were nabbed."

Smith—"Have the rascally fishermen taken California?"

Benham—"You can't [illegible] island bigger than a Chinese, left in Rhode Island, in possession of State Prison, as well as a [illegible] here and there a renegade [illegible] South Carolina keeps in by [illegible]."

Smith—"What's the Civil War?"

Benham—"In No. 1? I received with my breakfast in rooms from Panama by Greytown Summer."

Smith—"Taken in New Granada? Heavens, won't that Government raise a row for thus invading its soil, insulting its sovereignty and disgracing its flag?"

Benham—"What can that one-horse Republic do but submit to the insolent domination of this abolition Government. I say, Austin, how do you feed?"

Smith—"Mackerel and brown bread for my breakfast; codfish and beans for dinner; pork and melons for supper; the Bible and Watts by me for my library; killing bedbugs for exercise."

Benham—"No whisky; no cards?"

Smith—"All rational amusements forbidden; all news excluded. Have our folks taken Washington yet?"

Benham—"Taken! h—ll! I expect the d—d Yankees have taken Charleston, captured Savannah, and seized Hatteras. Kentucky is loyal; North Carolina is shaky; Maryland and Delaware stick to the North; the whole coast is blockaded; Mason and Slidell taken captive, and the devil to pay generally. Price is driven out of Missouri, and forty thousand troops at Beaufort, in South Carolina."

Smith—"I say, Benham, we are in luck, no danger in Fort Lafayette; and when the war is over we can brag what we would have done, you know."

Benham—"It is reported South Carolina will raise the black flag and murder Yankees; and that Lincoln will in return hang prisoners two for one."

Smith—"That is refreshing news, by the gods—for if there is anything in the world I have fixed principles in, it is my opposition to capital punishment. Damn South Carolina! That is carrying the joke a little too far. And what makes it so much worse—hanging two Rebs for one Yank; that's sold—downright swindling on the part of the Yanks. I say, Benham, you'll better cut your hair; there's nits in this infernal den. By the way, Benham, did you see any grass in the streets of the city of New York?"

Benham—"Ha in time; the patriotic manufacturing population of that city have ruined the crop by marching troops over it; and all the ships that ought by any process to have been rotting at Northern wharves are now blockading Southern ports."

Smith—"Can't you give me a shirt, Benham?"

Benham—"No; I've got it on."—*San Francisco News Letter.*

FACTS AND NOT FANCY.—It seems to us when we come to look facts calmly in the face, that we entirely too much disparage our own country, in population and solid importance, in comparing it with nations of Europe. Suppose for instance, we take the United States census for 1860, what shall we see?

Firstly, that the population of the nineteen Free States of this Union, exceeds that of all Spain, of all Prussia, of all Turkey, or if Kentucky be added in, that of all England and Wales.

Secondly, that the cities of Brooklyn, and New York alone contain more people than all Greece, or all Tuscany, or all Finland, or all Norway.

Thirdly, that New York State contains more people than all Holland, or all Sweden, or all Portugal.

Fourthly, that Pennsylvania has a population exceeding that of all Saxony, or all Switzerland, or the Roman States.

We might institute more comparisons, just as striking, but there will be sufficient to show that when we speak of the nations of Europe we are very apt to indulge in an exaggerated idea of their several populations, and to forget the magnitude of our own.—*N. Y. Sunday Times.*

THE MASSACHUSETTS PRISONERS AT NEW ORLEANS.—A letter was received in this city this morning from George T. Cobbs, a member of the Massachusetts Fifth Regiment, who was captured at the battle of Bull Run, which states that he was confined in the parish prison at New Orleans, with five hundred other prisoners of war, and that they were well treated, cheerful, and comparatively happy. Their journey from Richmond occupied eight days, and though they were objects of much interest to the people along the route, they were not treated to any unkind or insulting remarks. The letter was kindly forwarded by General Palfry, Provost Marshal of New Orleans, to whose care any letters for the prisoners should be sent.—*Boston Journal*, Nov. 25th.

A special Washington Dispatch says Secretary Welles is making arrangements to prevent any further outrages in British waters by rebel privateers. The Nashville will probably be overhauled by Government vessels.

It is said there is somewhere in Oregon an individual, who gives out commissions in the rebel army. It is supposed young Lane, Sykes, and some others, obtained their rebel commissions from this source.

To the Union Men of Benton County.

The qualified voters of Benton county who are in favor of the support of the present Administration in its efforts to [illegible] and who are opposed to [illegible] are requested to meet at the several places of voting in their respective precincts on Saturday, the 25th day of March, 1862, at the Court House in Corvallis, on Saturday, the 29th day of March, 1862, at the Court House in Eugene City, for the purpose of nominating a county ticket, and electing delegates to the State Convention.

A. A. Smith,	W. H. Fisher,	H. G. Hollis,
C. H. Myers,	J. G. Gray,	D. M. Rice,
N. Humphrey,	Wm. Gilkey,	Holland Shaw,
W. Bowling,	J. M. Buck,	Jno. Davis,
F. P. Dunn,	H. J. Peters,	M. Bond,
A. Andrews,	H. M. Ellsworth,	D. S. Hall.

Caution!

I, WM. G. HALL, having reported that he was a partner of the Portland Soap Works that he is not, and is not liable for any debts of said firm, and will not pay any debts contracted by any person claiming to be a partner of said firm. I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by any person claiming to be a partner of said firm. I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by any person claiming to be a partner of said firm.

Portland, Jan. 20, 1862. 438 W. G. HALL.

A Call to the Union Men of Benton County

[illegible]

A. A. Smith,	B. W. Millican,	J. A. W.
[illegible]	Wm. Gilkey,	[illegible]
[illegible]	H. H. N. [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	J. W. Smith,	[illegible]
[illegible]	S. H. Bryant,	[illegible]
[illegible]	A. M. Williams,	[illegible]
[illegible]	Benj. Cook,	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Corvallis, Jan. 17, 1862.

Notice.

WHEREAS a notice has been published in the Evening Bulletin, signed ALBERT MERCHANT, that he has purchased of Messrs. W. B. MEAD & CO. the interest of the Portland Soap Works in the above papers, which said notice is for the purpose of cautioning the public against the indebtedness of the firm of which he is a member, and that he is not responsible for any debts contracted by the Portland Soap Works, either as Partner or Agent, and that said Merchant will not be responsible for any debts contracted by me and confusion, for the accounts of both firms are in my hands, and I am willing to pay all the debts of the firm of Portland and elsewhere. I take this method to state, in response to such false allegations, that the said A. Merchant did himself purchase the stock in Portland and sent it to Louisiana here, from me; and that upon [illegible] he [illegible] by him. I did leave said Portland [illegible] Portland, where I [illegible] beginning two years ago last day from the said Merchant, me bargained [illegible] that I do not claim to have any business connection with the proprietors of the Portland Soap Works, either as partner, Agent, or in any other capacity. The [illegible] statements of said Merchant the public [illegible] will probably give the contemptuous consideration they deserve upon a more intimate and extensive acquaintance with the character [illegible] transactions.

Portland, Jan. 20, 1862. 438 W. G. HALL.

United States of America, District of Oregon, ss.

WHEREAS a libel has been filed by David Watkins in the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon, on the 18th day of December, A. D. 1861, against the ship *Christina*, on a cause of subtraction of wages, civil and maritime; and whereas, in pursuance of process issued under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I did, on the third day of January, A. D. 1862, arrest the said ship *Christina*, and take and keep into my custody. Now, therefore, in accordance with the rules of the said District Court, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said ship *Christina*, or in any way interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court, to be held at the City of Portland, on the first Monday in February, 1862, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to show cause why said libel should not be decreed, and why said ship should not be sold to pay the demands aforesaid, and to make their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

Dated the 18th day of January, A. D. 1862.

D. B. HANNAH, U. S. Marshal.
By J. F. McCOY, his Deputy.
GEO. H. CHRISTY, Proctor for Libellant. 1w5w11ad

Commercial College.

FIRST ST., opposite the Oregonian Office.

TERMS PER MONTH:

	CENTS.	LADIES.
WRITING	$6 00	$5 00
DRAWING	6 00	5 00
ARITHMETIC	6 00	5 00
BOOK-KEEPING	8 00	

Tuition payable monthly in advance.

School hours from 2 to 4, or from 7 to 9 P. M.

Book of Accounts posted, and complicated accounts adjusted. Marriage and Visiting Cards marked.

C. A. SEARS

PAINTER & CO.,

PRACTICAL PRINTERS, AND DEALERS IN

Type, Presses, Printing Materials,
Ink, Paper, Cards, &c.
510 Clay Street, above Sansome,
SAN FRANCISCO

J. H. PAINTER
J. M. PAINTER
T. P. PAINTER

☞ Offices fitted out with dispatch. dtw3y

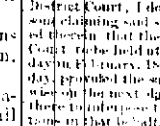
GEO. W. CHAPIN & CO.,

Lower side of Plaza, near Clay street,
SAN FRANCISCO,

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, AND GENERAL AGENCY.

Furnish all kinds of help for Families, Hotels, Ranges, Mining Companies, Mills, Factories, Shops, &c., &c. Also, have a REAL ESTATE AGENCY, and attend to all business in that line. oct14dawly

BUCHTEL & CARDWELL.



Have a FINE COLLECTION of
SPECIMENS of their ART
Go and see them, and
GET A PICTURE

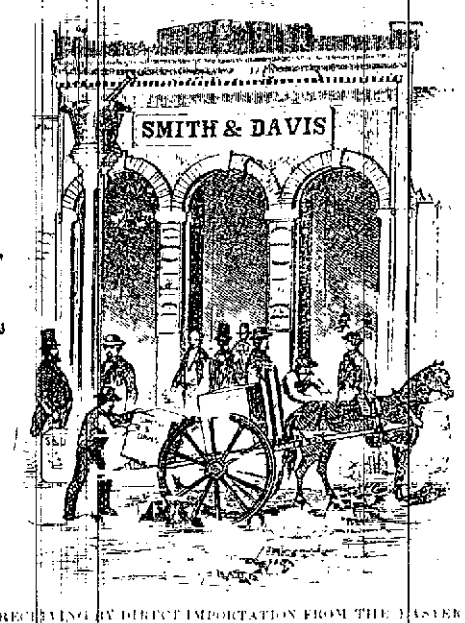
SMITH & DAVIS.

Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS

DEALERS IN

PAINTS,
OILS,
VARNISHES,
Artist's
AND
PAINTERS'
Tools.



AGENTS IN THE

STATE

FOR

ALL THE

Principal

PATENT

MEDICINES,

&c., &c.

ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING BY DIRECT IMPORTATION FROM THE EASTERN STATES, LARGE AND [illegible] EXTENSIVE STOCK, which [illegible]

The Largest on the Pacific Coast,

[illegible] and [illegible] to the trade, we are enabled [illegible] as FAVORABLE RATES as can be [illegible] San Francisco. We would direct [illegible] to this FACT, which an examination of Stock and prices will prove.

JUST ARRIVED!

A [illegible] OF

CAMPHENE,
KEROSENE,
LARD OIL,
COAL OIL LAMPS,
CHINA NUT OIL,
BURNING FLUID,
SPERM OIL,
POLAR OIL,
ALCOHOL,
MACHINERY OIL

And a large [illegible] of

FRESH CHEMICALS BY EXPRESS FROM NEW YORK,

and PHILADELPHIA, [illegible]

julyxxdtw

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY'S

Private Medical & Surgical Institute,

[illegible] MONTGOMERY STREET, [illegible] MONTGOMERY
[illegible] Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, San Francisco.

ESTABLISHED IN 1854 FOR THE PERMANENT [illegible] OF CHRONIC, PRIVATE, AND DELICATE DISEASES.

CONSULTATION GRATIS.

Dr. L. J. CZAPKAY, M.D., Graduate of the Hungarian University, Member of the Royal Medical Society of Pesth, Hungary, late Physician and Surgeon to the Military Hospitals of the Austrian Empire, and Professor of Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children, has [illegible] attending to the treatment of Chronic, Private, and Delicate Diseases. He has [illegible] the Pacific Coast, and [illegible] the Medical Profession [illegible] Dr. Czapkay's Medicines [illegible] Diseases.

Medicines sent by mail or express, [illegible] Consultation free.

Office hours—10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and 6 to 8 P. M.

Address, DR. L. J. CZAPKAY, San Francisco.

Of all diseases, the first great cause, springs from neglect of Nature's laws.

To the Afflicted!

Syphilis and where a cure is guaranteed in all stages of secret Self-Abuse, Nervous Debility, Syphilis in all its Stages, Strictures, Gleet, Gravel, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Mercurial Rheumatism, Scrofula, Pains in the Bones and Ankles, Diseases of the Lungs, Throat, Nose and Eyes. Diseases of the Head, Heart, Liver, Pimples, Dropsy, Epileptic Fits, St. Vitus Dance—and all diseases arising from a derangement of the sexual organs—such as Nervous Trembling, Loss of Memory, Loss of Power, General Weakness, Dimness of Vision, with peculiar specks appearing before the eyes, Loss of Sight, Wakefulness, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Eruptions upon the Face, Pains in the Back and Head, Female Irregularities—and all improper discharges of both sexes. It matters not from what cause the disease originates, however long standing or obstinate the case, recovery is certain, and in a shorter time than a permanent cure can be effected by any other treatment, even after the disease has baffled the skill of eminent physicians and resisted all their modes of cure. The medicines prescribed are pleasant to take, without odor, causing no sickness, and free from mercury or [illegible].

During fifteen years of practice in Europe, the Atlantic States and California, I have received from the jaws of death many thousands, who in the last stages of the above loathsome diseases, had been given up to die. Cheer, joy, health, which warrants me in promising to the afflicted, what many pretenders under [illegible] a speedy and permanent cure. Private diseases, the greatest calamities [illegible] as they are the first cause of consumption, scrofula, and many other diseases and send [illegible] to the [illegible], finally. A permanent cure [illegible] ever effected [illegible] a host of cases falling into the hands of incompetent persons, who not only fail to cure the disease, but ruin the constitution, filling the system with mercury, which, with the disease, hastens the sufferer into a rapid consumption.

But should the disease and the treatment of [illegible] death speedily, and the victim marries, the disease is entailed upon the children, who are born with feeble constitutions, and the curse of life contracted by a parent who knowingly transmits to [illegible] children, eruptions and other affections of the skin, eyes, throat and lungs, entailing upon them a life of existence of suffering, and consigning them to an early grave.

Self-abuse is another fruitful enemy to health, being [illegible] in the [illegible] of [illegible] diseases, [illegible] destructive of health, [illegible] the system—drawing to thousands of victims through a low state of suffering, down to an untimely grave. It destroys the nervous system, rapidly wastes away the energies of life, [illegible] and deranges ment, prevents the proper development of the system, [illegible] qualifies for marriage, [illegible] happiness, and [illegible] all earthly happiness, and leaves the sufferer wrecked in body and mind, prepared for consumption and a train of evils more to be dreaded than death itself. With the fullest confidence I assure the unfortunate victim of self-abuse, that a permanent and speedy cure can be effected, with the [illegible] element of [illegible] in the [illegible] [illegible] for obtaining vigorous health.

To [illegible] and a [illegible] of [illegible] and females, treated on principles established [illegible] fifteen years of practice and selection of the most remarkable cures, [illegible] Montgomery, with full directions [illegible] any part of the States, by [illegible] and Washington Territory, to patients communicating their symptoms by letter.

All business correspondence strictly confidential. Address DR. L. J. CZAPKAY, Medical Institute, No. [illegible] Montgomery, opposite Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s Office, San Francisco.

Remarkable Instance of Medical Relief.

Below we publish the certificates of three of the sufferers from the pangs of disease, who, having recovered their former health, and impelled by gratitude, make known their cases and remedies used, and their statements are authenticated by a Notary Public. The demands of society imperiously command their publicity, and we commend their perusal to the attention of all afflicted.

Certificate.—The undersigned, desirous of acquainting those who may be unfortunate enough to be similarly afflicted, where a permanent relief of their sufferings may be obtained, feels it his duty to thus publicly express his most sincere gratitude to Dr. L. J. Czapkay, for the [illegible] recovery of his health. Borne down by the distressing symptoms incident to the vicious practices of uncontrollable passion in youth, depressed in body and mind, unable [illegible] and from [illegible] The cheese which received the premium at the State Fair, is now for sale at [illegible] Portland, Oct. 9, 18[illegible]

[illegible] upon the [illegible] I sought the advice of many physicians, but [illegible] and [illegible] trifling remedies, [illegible] weeks, and in several instances [illegible] I found to my unutterable [illegible] that instead of relief my symptoms became [illegible] by one that my strength [illegible] contributed to the [illegible] health, and [illegible] would be of little service. I despaired ever regaining my health, strength and energy, and as a last resort, and with but a small hope [illegible] placed upon Dr. Czapkay, who, after examining my case, prescribed some medicine which almost instantly relieved me of the dull pain and dizziness in my head. Encouraged by the result, I resolved to place myself [illegible] under his care, and by a strict obedience to all his directions and advice, my head became clear, and my [illegible] rapidly. The [illegible] pain in my back and groins, the weakness, [illegible] nervous irritation of my whole body on the slightest [illegible] excitement, the misanthropy and [illegible] [illegible] distrust and want of confidence in others, the [illegible] inability to study, and want of resolution, the [illegible] excitement, these sometimes pleasurable dreams at night, followed by [illegible] nocturnal discharges, have all disappeared, and in fact, in [illegible] months after having consulted the above, I [illegible] to consider myself entirely restored to a new life—that life which but a short time ago I contemplated to end by my own hand. With the above I escaped the unfortunate from falling into the snares of [illegible] quacks. I deem it my duty to offer this testimony to the [illegible] and skill of Dr. Czapkay, and recommend him to all who may stand in need of medical aid, having myself, by my own experience, that once under his care a radical and permanent cure will be effected.

B. F. FILLMORE.

State of California, County of San Francisco:

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this seventh day of April, A. D. 1856. Seal.

[L. S.] JOHN MIDDLETON, Notary Public.

MARYSVILLE, June 3d, 1855.

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY, San Francisco—*Sir:* I have used the last of your medicine, and do not think I shall need any more, as I feel very well, except that I have not entirely got my strength yet, but soon will with the appetite I have. It is just three weeks, you may recollect, since I called at your [illegible], with my constitution, as I thought, broken entirely, and never think but you would be able to cure me perfectly, but the night you might be able to do something to raise the pimples on my back and head, and strengthen my nerves, so that I would not get excited and tremble at everything. Now that you know what I expected, you may judge of my satisfaction at my complete recovery from those [illegible] and the removal of those sores and blotches from my skin, and the clearness from my throat, and the entire stoppage of those emissions, which you said were principally the cause of my sickness. I can hardly tell you which is the greatest my pleasure or surprise, for except not having fully got my strength, I feel as well as any man can feel.

Enclosed I send you twenty dollars over your charge, and think it well deserved. If you think anybody will be benefited, you may [illegible] this letter in the newspapers. Believe me gratefully yours,

THOMAS HAYDEN.

Thankfulness is the incentive to gratitude.

CERTIFICATE.—Prompted by an honest desire of my heart, I wish to lay before the public the cases which declare even common gratitude, not only as an act of scientific skill, but that of humanity also. About two years ago, I suddenly, and from causes unknown to me, was seized with a fit of epilepsy, which, owing to my inability to meet the expenses consequent upon a thorough medical treatment, and the discouragement which I met with in attempting it, soon became such as to defy the skill of any physician. I was frequently [illegible] which in pursuit of my calling, threw down to the ground without the slightest warning, and although insensible to the agonies, I yet despised the interference of my fellow-men, and soon learned to look upon those who would render assistance, as [illegible] me from danger as cowards who sought to prolong the existence of my miseries. While in this state and living previous to my affliction, I tasted the sweets of life [illegible] to attempt suicide, and [illegible] by recommendation, called upon Dr. L. J. Czapkay. I [illegible] my circumstances, and they [illegible] to [illegible] of his services, regardless of which however, he at once undertook my case, and with the blessing of God, I was once more restored to perfect health. I [illegible] to reward him for the [illegible] which I realize at present, and yet [illegible] of any indebtedness, I consider it due to myself and all afflicted to make the case public, in order that those in need of medical advice may find a physician in whom every confidence can be placed.

MEYER YABLONSKY.

State of California, county of San Francisco, ss. Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 1st day of August, A. D. 1856.

[L. S.] GILBERT A. GRANT, Notary Public.

Dr. L. J. CZAPKAY'S Private Medical and Surgical Institute, No. [illegible] Montgomery, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s Office, San Francisco. The Doctor [illegible] consultation [illegible] no remuneration unless [illegible] a cure. ☞ Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

SPERMATORRHŒA, or LOCAL WEAKNESS, nervous debility, [illegible], with [illegible] weakness of the limbs and back, indisposition and [illegible] for labor and study, dullness of apprehension, loss of memory, aversion to society, [illegible] of self-confidence, [illegible], involuntary discharges, pains in the side, affections of the eyes, pimples on the face, sexual or other infirmities in man, are cured by the justly celebrated physician and surgeon, Dr. L. J. Czapkay. His [illegible] method of curing diseases is new, unknown to others, [illegible] the great success.

All consultations, by letter or otherwise, free.

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